

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY
South East Manipur College, Komlathabi

• **Programme Outcomes:**

Sociology is a scientific study of society. A degree in sociology provides better understanding of the society. The students will be familiarised with the complex structure of different societies and appreciate the cultural diversity. It will inculcate a 'sociological imagination' among the students that will help them to see how the society actually works. It will develop in students the sociological knowledge and skills that will enable them to think critically about society and social issues. The students will have better understanding about classical and contemporary sociological theories which will help them to comprehend important social issues and social reality. It provides a solid foundation for a career in teaching, research, government or non-profit organisations, journalism and others.

Course Outcomes:

- It provides the students an understanding of the discipline of Sociology and sociological perspective. It explains its history and relationship with other disciplines. It demonstrates the nature, scope and subject-matter of Sociology. The students will also be familiarised with the basic concepts of sociology like society, community, social institutions, association, culture, socialisation, social change and others.
- It acquaints the students with the study of Sociology of India. It gives attention to Indian themes and perspectives. It presents a comprehensive, integrated and empirically based profile of Indian society. It familiarised the students with the basic institutions of Indian society like caste, kinship, marriage, religions etc. It also studies the structural and developmental problems in Indian society.
- - The students will have a better understanding of the classical as well as contemporary sociological theories. The students will know the contributions of various Western and Indian Sociologists in the development of sociological thought. It acquaints the students with the theoretical ideas of western classical thinkers such as Auguste Comte, Karl Marx, Emile Durkheim and Max Weber. It will also familiarise them to Indian Sociological thinkers such as G.S. Ghurye, M.N. Srinivas, A.R. Desai and D.P. Mukerji.
- It presents the students a better understanding of the concepts and theories of social demography. It also provides an understanding of the interrelationship between population and society. It analyzes the impact of fertility, mortality and migration on the composition, size and structure of population. It acquaints the students with the various population policies of India.
- It will familiarise the students with the basic concepts, types and approaches of Social Problem. It analysed the various social problems in Indian society such as communalism, secularism, regionalism, child abuse, drug abuse, youth unrest and others.
- It will acquaint the students with the meaning, scope and significance of sociological research. It will provide students with the knowledge of the types of research, conceptualisation and formulation of hypothesis, techniques of data collection, presentation and interpretation of data etc.
- It introduced the students to the nature and scope of political sociology. It acquaints them to the concepts of political parties, political elites, political culture and aspects of state, society and politics in India.
- - It familiarise the students with the concepts of gender studies as well as its historical perspective. It presents the problem and prospects of gender constructs in North-East India.
- It acquaints the students with the concepts and approaches to the study of marginal groups. It explains exclusion through social stratification. The students learn about the problems, policies and measures related to women and girl child, differently-abled and HIV related victims.

8/7/2019
Principal
South East Manipur College
Komlathabi